## Exercise sheet - Week 17 (Data stream algorithms)

## **EXERCISE 1** -Variance of Morris' Algorithm

Recall Morris' algorithm :
C=0
for x in [x\_1,x\_2,...,x\_n]:
 C=C+1 with probability 2^(-C)
return 2^C - 1

Denote by  $C_i$  the value of **C** after having seen  $x_i$ , recall  $\mathbb{E}[2^{C_i}] = i + 1$ .

1. Check that for every  $i \ge 0$ 

$$\mathbb{E}[(2^{C_{i+1}})^2 \mid C_i] = (2^{C_i})^2 + 3 \times 2^{C_i}.$$

- 2. Compute Variance $(2^{C_n} 1)$ .
- 3. Let A > 0. Use Bienaymé-Chebychev's inequality to find an upper bound for the error  $\mathbb{P}(|2^{C_n} 1 n| \ge An)$ .

## **EXERCISE 2** -Variance of MINCOUNT

For a parameter  $k \geq 2$ , the output of Giroire's MINCOUNT algorithm has the same distribution as  $\frac{k-1}{M_r^{(k)}}$ , where

$$M_r^{(k)} = \min\left\{U_1, \dots, U_r\right\}$$

where  $U_i$ 's are independent uniform random variables in (0, 1).

1. Compute the variance of  $\left(\frac{k-1}{M_r^{(k)}}\right)$ . (Recall that  $M_r^{(k)}$  has density  $r\binom{r-1}{k-1}x^{k-1}(1-x)^{r-k}$ .)

## **EXERCISE 3 - Empty bins in HITCOUNT**

In the analysis of HITCOUNT one considers b balls drawn uniformly at random in m bins, let V be the number of empty bins.

1. For  $0 \le k \le m$  justify that

$$\mathbb{P}(V=k) = \frac{m!}{k!m^n} \begin{cases} b\\ m-k \end{cases},$$

where  $\{\}$  is the notation for *Stirling numbers of the second kind*, *i.e.*  ${r \atop q}$  enumerates partitions of a set of size r into q non-empty classes.

2. Prove that

$$\sum_{k,b} \mathbb{P}(V=k) \frac{1}{b!} u^k z^b = \left( e^{z/m} - 1 - u \right)^m.$$

(This is more difficult, for a solution see p.109 in : Marianne Durand. *Combinatoire analytique et algorithmique des ensembles de données*. PhD Thesis, École Polytechnique (2004), https://pastel.hal.science/pastel-00000810/.)