Exercise sheet - Week 14 (Probabilistic Toolbox)

EXERCISE 1 - Reservoir Sampling

What is the output of the following algorithm?

```
input: List x_1, ..., x_n

r = 0

for i = 1 to n:

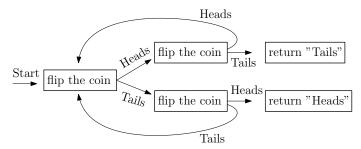
  if rand()<1/i:

    r = x_i

return r
```

EXERCISE 2 -von Neumann's algorithm.

Consider an unfair coin that returns "tails" with probability $p \neq 1/2$. We want to use it to generate a fair heads or tails, John von Neumann ¹ devised the following algorithm:



Let $T \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{+\infty\}$ be the random variable given by the number of throws required for the algorithm to stop, and $R \in \{\text{"Heads"}, \text{"Tails"}\}$ the output of the algorithm.

- 1. What are T and R if the first draws are PPPFFPPFFP?
- 2. For all $k \geq 1$, compute $\mathbb{P}(T=k)$. Deduce that the algorithm terminates almost surely : $\mathbb{P}(T<+\infty)=1$.
- 3. Show that the algorithm returns "heads" or "tails" with equal probability, i.e. $\mathbb{P}(R = \text{``Heads''}) = 1/2$.
- 4. Show that $\mathbb{E}[T] = \frac{1}{p(1-p)}$.
- 5. (Bonus) How can the von Neumann algorithm be improved to reduce $\mathbb{E}[T]$?

EXERCISE 3 - Consecutive Heads

A fair coin is tossed infinitely many times. For $n \ge 1$, let M_n be the length of the longest sequence of consecutive "Heads" during the first n throws. For example :

The aim of this exercise is to study the asymptotic behavior of the sequence (M_n) .

- 1. Show that for all $k \leq n$ we have $\mathbb{P}(M_n \geq k) \leq (n-k+1)(1/2)^k$.
- 2. Deduce the asymptotic behaviour of (M_n) : for all $\varepsilon > 0$

$$\mathbb{P}\left(M_n \geq (1+\varepsilon)\log_2(n)\right) \stackrel{n \to +\infty}{\to} 0.$$

^{1.} J.von Neumann. Various techniques used in connection with random digits. Appl. Math Ser, 12 (1951) p.36-38.